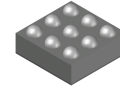


# Regulator - Fixed-Output, Synchronous, TINYBOOST®

## FAN48617


WLCSP9 1.215x1.215x0.581  
CASE 567QW

### Description

The FAN48617 is a low-power PWM only boost regulator designed to provide a minimum voltage-regulated rail from a standard single-cell Li-Ion battery and advanced battery chemistries. Even below the minimum system battery voltage, the device maintains the output voltage regulation for an output load current of 1000 mA. The combination of built-in power transistors, synchronous rectification, and low supply current suit the FAN48617 for battery-powered applications.

The FAN48617 is available in a 9-bump, 0.4 mm pitch, (1.215 x 1.215 mm) Wafer-Level Chip-Scale Package (WLCSP).

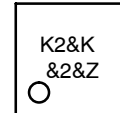
### Features

- Input Voltage Range: 2.7 V to 4.5 V
- Output Voltage: 5.0 V
- 1000 mA Max. Load Capability
- PWM Only
- Up to 97% Efficient
- Forced Pass-Through Operation via EN Pin
- Internal Synchronous Rectification
- True Load Disconnect
- Short-Circuit Protection
- External Components: 2016 (Metric) 1  $\mu$ H Inductor, 0402 Case Size Input / Output Capacitors
- This Device is Pb-Free, Halide Free and is RoHS Compliant

### Applications

- Class-D Audio Amplifier
- Boost for Low-Voltage Li-Ion Batteries
- Smart Phones, Tablets, Portable Devices
- RF Applications
- NFC Applications

### MARKING DIAGRAM



K2 = Specific Device Code  
&K = 2-Digits Lot Run Traceability Code  
&2 = 2-Digit Date Code  
&Z = Assembly Plant Code

### TYPICAL APPLICATION

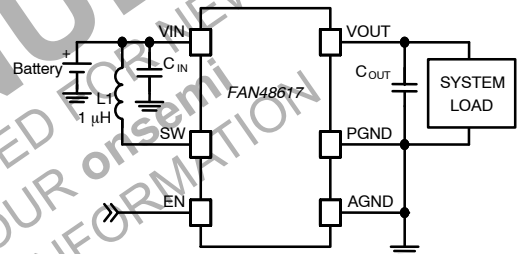


Figure 1. Typical Application

### ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information on page 8 of this data sheet.

## BLOCK DIAGRAM

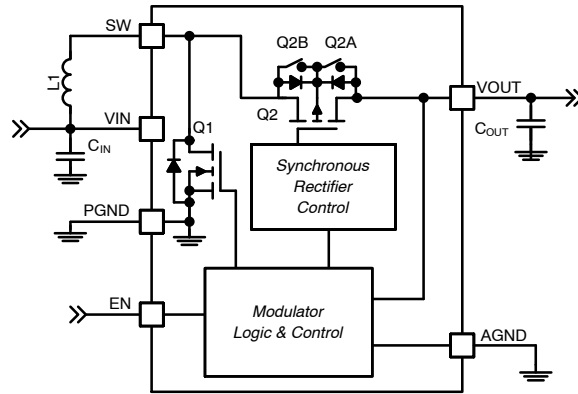


Figure 2. IC Block Diagram

Table 1. Recommended Components

Component	Description	Vendor	Parameter	Typ.	Unit
L1	20%, 3.9 A, 2016, 1.0 mm Height	DFE201610E-1R0M TOKO	Inductance	1	$\mu$ H
			DCR (Series R)	48	m $\Omega$
C <sub>IN</sub>	20%, 6.3 V, X5R, 0402 (1005)	C1005X5R0J106M050BC TDK	Capacitance	10	$\mu$ F
C <sub>OUT</sub> 1 (Note 1)	20%, 6.3 V, X5R, 0402 (1005)	C1005X5R0J106M050BC TDK	Capacitance	2 x 10	
C <sub>OUT</sub> 2 (Note 2)	20%, 6.3 V, X5R, 0402 (1005)	C1005X5R0J106M050BC TDK	Capacitance	3 x 10	

1. For applications with  $I_{OUT} < 500$  mA use C<sub>OUT</sub> 1.2. For applications with  $500 \text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} < 1000$  mA use C<sub>OUT</sub> 2.

## PIN CONFIGURATION

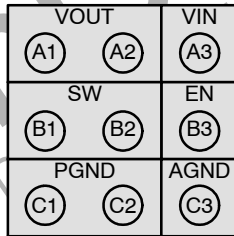


Figure 3. Top View

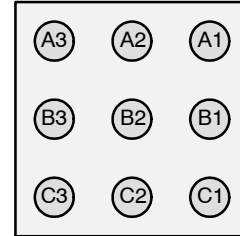


Figure 4. Bottom View

## PIN DEFINITIONS

Pin #	Name	Description
A1, A2	VOUT	<i>Output Voltage.</i> This pin is the output voltage terminal; connect directly to C <sub>OUT</sub> .
A3	VIN	<i>Input Voltage.</i> Connect to Li-Ion battery input power source and C <sub>IN</sub> .
B1, B2	SW	<i>Switching Node.</i> Connect to inductor.
B3	EN	<i>Enable.</i> When this pin is HIGH, the circuit is enabled. After part is engaged, pin forces part into Forced-Pass-Through Mode when EN pin is pulled LOW.
C1, C2	PGND	<i>Power Ground.</i> This is the power return for the IC. C <sub>OUT</sub> capacitor should be returned with the shortest path possible to these pins.
C3	AGND	<i>Analog Ground.</i> This is the signal ground reference for the IC. All voltage levels are measured with respect to this pin – connect to PGND at a single point.

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Symbol	Parameter		Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>IN</sub>	Voltage on VIN Pin		−0.3	6.0	V
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Voltage on VOUT Pin		−0.3	6.0	V
V <sub>SW</sub>	SW Node	DC	−0.3	6.0	V
		Transient: 10 ns, 3 MHz	−1.0	8.0	
V <sub>CC</sub>	Voltage on Other Pins		−0.3	6.0 (Note 3)	V
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge Protection Level	Human Body Model, ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS−001−2012	2.0		kV
		Charged Device Model per JESD22−C101	1.0		
T <sub>J</sub>	Junction Temperature		−40	+150	°C
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature		−65	+150	°C
T <sub>L</sub>	Lead Soldering Temperature, 10 Seconds		−	+260	°C

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

3. Lesser of 6.0 V or  $V_{IN} + 0.3$  V.

**RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Symbol	Parameter		Min	Max	Unit
$V_{IN}$	Supply Voltage		2.7	4.5	V
$I_{OUT}$	Maximum Output Current		1000	-	mA
$T_A$	Ambient Temperature		-40	+85	°C
$T_J$	Junction Temperature		-40	+125	°C

Functional operation above the stresses listed in the Recommended Operating Ranges is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses beyond the Recommended Operating Ranges limits may affect device reliability.

**THERMAL PROPERTIES** Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance is a function of application and board layout. This data is measured with four-layer 2s2p boards with vias in accordance to JEDEC standard JESD51. Special attention must be paid not to exceed junction temperature,  $T_{J(max)}$ , at a given ambient temperature,  $T_A$ .

Symbol	Characteristic	Value	Unit
$\Theta_{JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance	50	°C/W

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (Recommended operating conditions, unless otherwise noted, circuit per Figure 1,  $V_{OUT} = 5.0\text{ V}$ . Typical, minimum and maximum values are given at  $V_{IN} = 3.6\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $-40^\circ\text{C}$ , and  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ .)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
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**POWER SUPPLY**

$I_Q$	$V_{IN}$ Quiescent Current	$I_{OUT} = 0\text{ mA}$ , $EN = 1.8\text{ V}$ , No Switching	–	95	–	$\mu\text{A}$
		Forced Pass-Through $EN = 0\text{ V}$ , $V_{OUT} = V_{IN}$	–	3.5	–	
$V_{UVLO}$	Under-Voltage Lockout	$V_{IN}$ Rising	–	2.20	–	V
$V_{UVLO\_HYS}$	Under-Voltage Lockout Hysteresis		–	150	–	mV

**INPUTS**

$V_{IH}$	Enable HIGH Voltage		1.05	–	–	V
$V_{IL}$	Enable LOW Voltage		–	–	0.4	V

**OUTPUTS**

$V_{REG}$	Output Voltage Accuracy DC (Note 4)	$2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 4.5\text{ V}$	–2	–	+2	%
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**TIMING**

$f_{SW}$	Switching Frequency	$I_{OUT} = 300\text{ mA}$	1.8	2.3	2.8	MHz
$t_{SS}$ (Note 5)	EN HIGH to 95% of Regulation	$I_{OUT} = 150\text{ mA}$	–	425	–	$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{RST}$ (Note 5)	FAULT Restart Timer			20	–	ms

**POWER STAGE**

$R_{DS(ON)N}$	N-Channel Boost Switch $R_{DS(ON)}$		–	63	–	$\text{m}\Omega$
$R_{DS(ON)P}$	P-Channel Sync. Rectifier $R_{DS(ON)}$		–	52	–	$\text{m}\Omega$

Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

4. DC  $I_{LOAD}$  from 0 to 1000 mA.  $V_{OUT}$  measured from mid-point of output voltage ripple. Effective capacitance of  $C_{OUT} \geq 6.3\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ .

5. Guaranteed by design and characterization; not tested in production.

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

(Unless otherwise specified;  $V_{IN} = 3.6\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{OUT} = 5.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , and circuit according to Figure 1.

Components:  $C_{IN} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 3 \times 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$  (0402, X5R, 6.3 V, C1005X5R0J106M050BC),  $L_1 = 1\text{ }\mu\text{H}$  (2016, 48 m $\Omega$ , DFE201610E-1R0M).

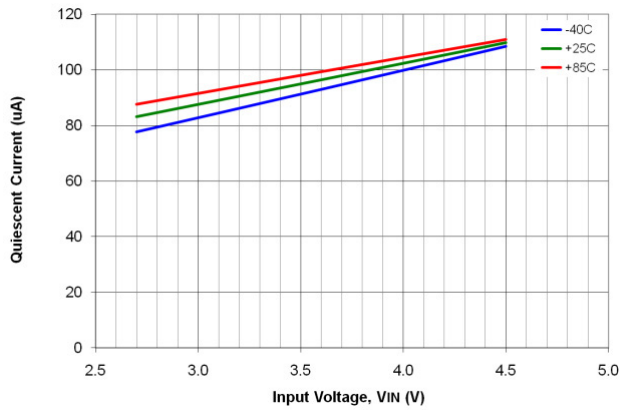


Figure 5. Quiescent Current (No Switching) vs. Input Voltage and Temperature

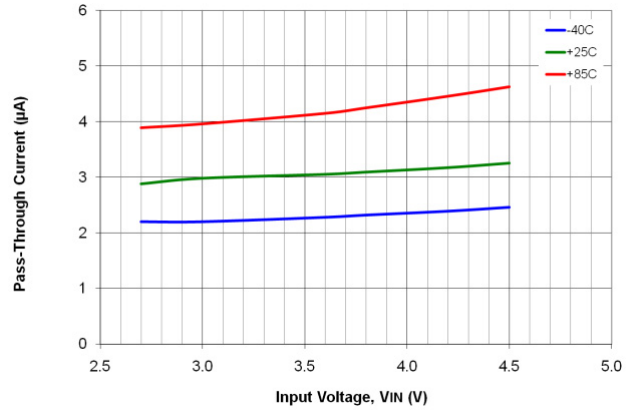


Figure 6. Pass-Through Current vs. Input Voltage and Temperature

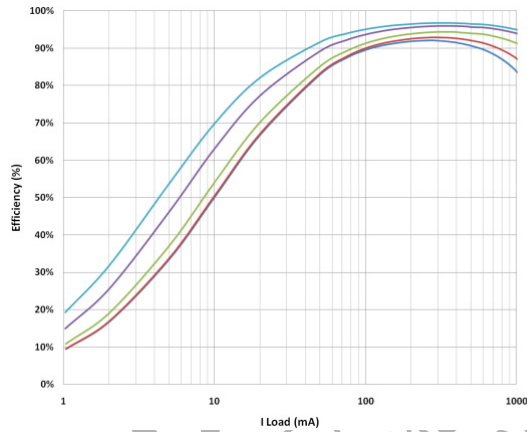


Figure 7. Efficiency vs. Load Current and Input Voltage

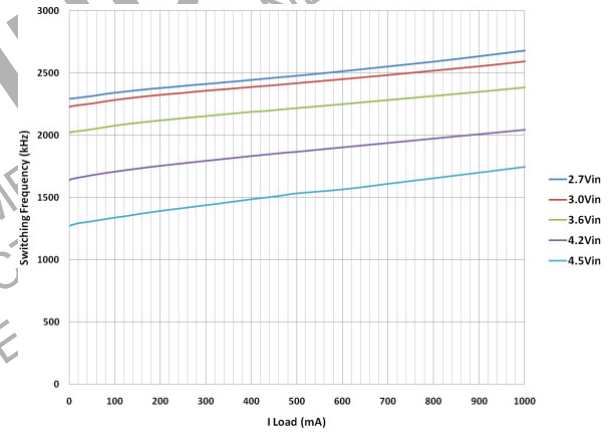


Figure 8. Switching Frequency vs. Load Current and Input Voltage

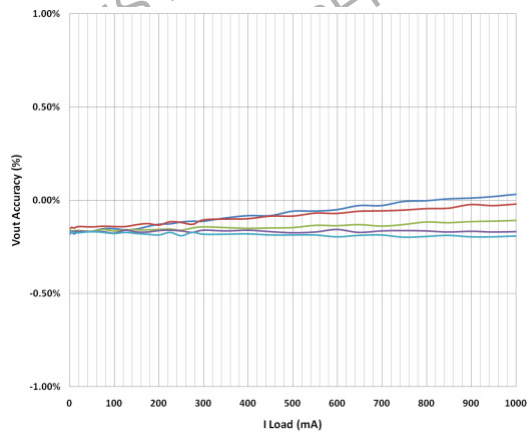


Figure 9. Output Regulation vs. Load Current and Input Voltage

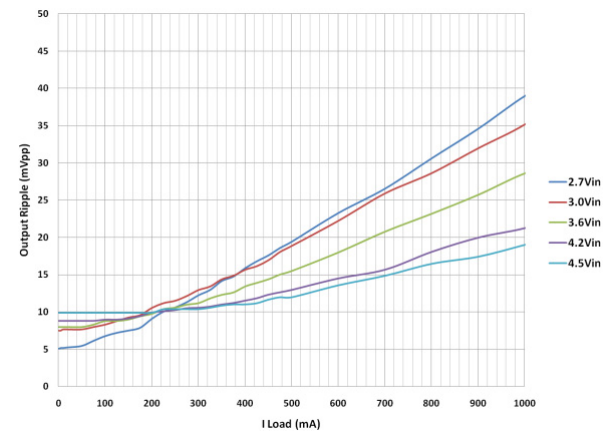


Figure 10. Output Ripple vs. Load Current and Input Voltage

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

(Unless otherwise specified;  $V_{IN} = 3.6\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{OUT} = 5.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , and circuit and components according to Figure 1.

Components:  $C_{IN} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 3 \times 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$  (0402, X5R, 6.3 V, C1005X5R0J106M050BC),  $L1 = 1\text{ }\mu\text{H}$  (2016, 48 m $\Omega$ , DFE201610E-1R0M).

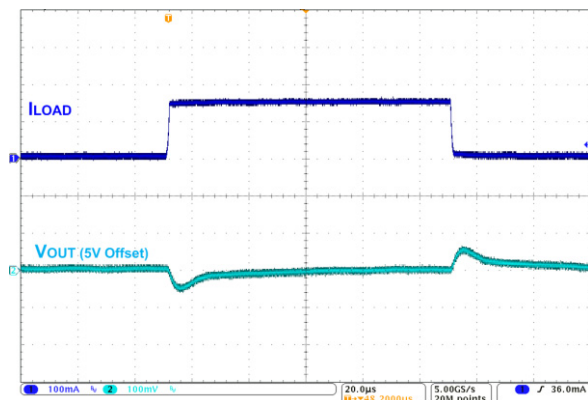


Figure 11. Load Transient, 10 <--> 150 mA, 1  $\mu\text{s}$  Edge

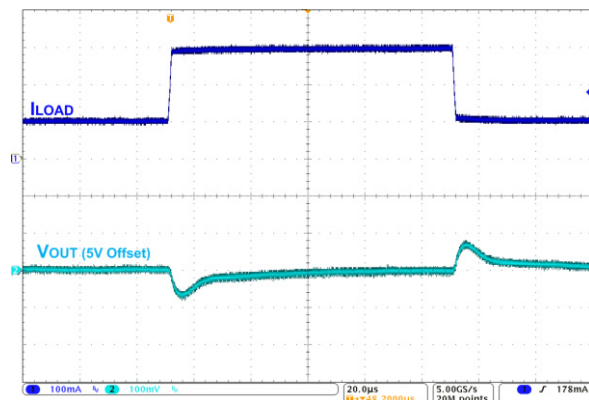


Figure 12. Load Transient, 100 <--> 300 mA, 1  $\mu\text{s}$  Edge

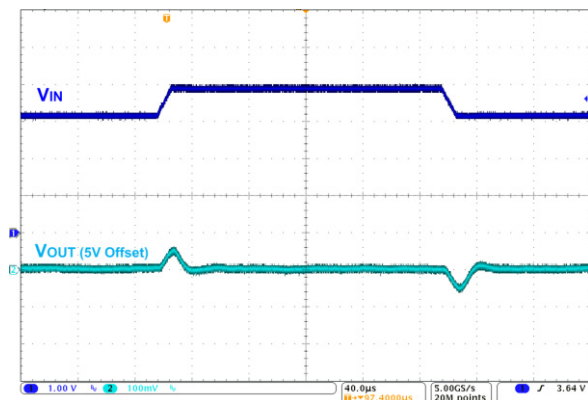


Figure 13. Line Transient, 3.2 V <--> 3.9 V, 10  $\mu\text{s}$  Edge, 150 mA Load

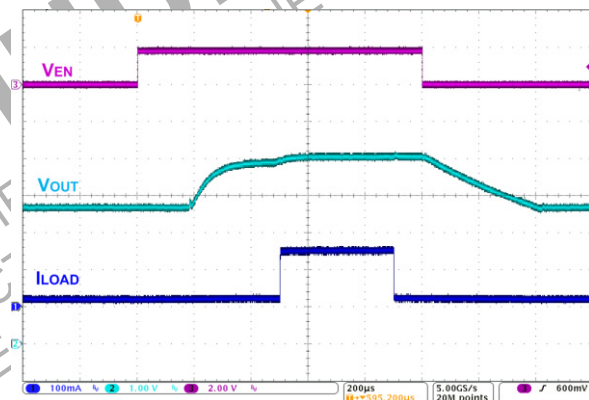


Figure 14. Pass-Through Mode <--> Boost Mode with Load Transient, 20 <--> 150 mA, 1  $\mu\text{s}$  Edge

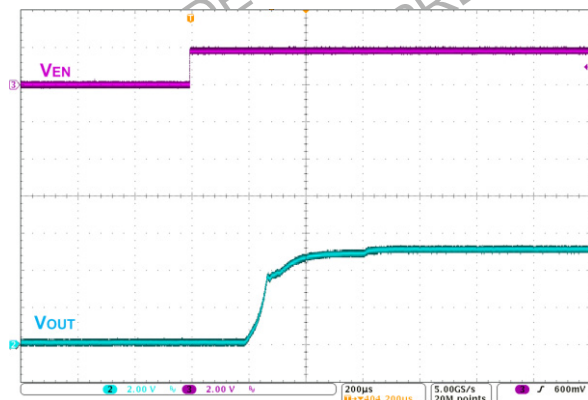


Figure 15. Startup, 150 mA Load

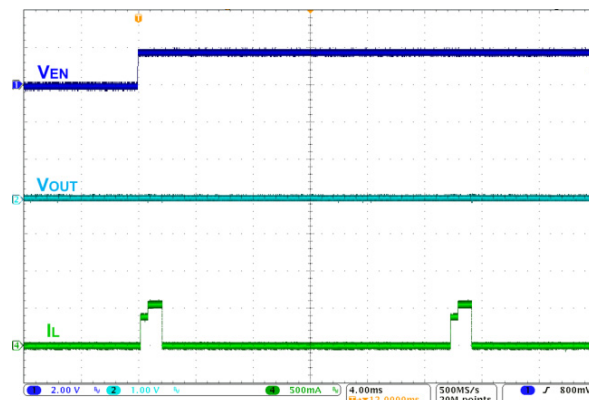


Figure 16. Fault Restart



## CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

FAN48617 is a synchronous PWM Only boost regulator. The regulator's Pass-Through Mode automatically activates when  $V_{IN}$  is above the boost regulator's set point.

Table 2. OPERATING MODES

Mode	Description	Invoked When:
LIN	Linear Startup	$V_{IN} > V_{OUT}$
SS	Boost Soft-Start	$V_{IN} < V_{OUT} < V_{OUT(TARGET)}$
BST	Boost Operating Mode	$V_{OUT} = V_{OUT(TARGET)}$
PT	Pass-Through Mode	$V_{IN} > V_{OUT(TARGET)}$ or when EN is pulled LOW after initial startup

## Boost Mode Regulation

The FAN48617 uses a current-mode modulator to achieve excellent transient response.

Table 3. BOOST STARTUP SEQUENCE

Start Mode	Entry	Exit	End Mode	Timeout ( $\mu$ s)
LIN1	$V_{IN} > V_{UVLO}$ , EN=1	$V_{OUT} > V_{IN}-300$ mV	SS	—
		Timeout	LIN2	512
LIN2	LIN1 Exit	$V_{OUT} > V_{IN}-300$ mV	SS	—
		Timeout	FAULT	1024
SS	LIN1 or LIN2 Exit	$V_{OUT} = V_{OUT(TARGET)}$	BST	—
		Overload Timeout	FAULT	64

## LIN Mode

When EN is HIGH and  $V_{IN} > V_{UVLO}$ , the regulator first attempts to bring  $V_{OUT}$  within 300 mV of  $V_{IN}$  by using the internal fixed-current source from VIN (Q2). The current is limited to the LIN1 set point.

If  $V_{OUT}$  reaches  $V_{IN}-300$  mV during LIN1 Mode, the SS Mode is initiated. Otherwise, LIN1 times out after 512  $\mu$ s and LIN2 Mode is entered.

In LIN2 Mode, the current source is incremented. If  $V_{OUT}$  fails to reach  $V_{IN}-300$  mV after 1024  $\mu$ s, a fault condition is declared and the device waits 20 ms to attempt an automatic restart.

## Soft-Start (SS) Mode

Upon the successful completion of LIN Mode ( $V_{OUT} \geq V_{IN}-300$  mV), the regulator begins switching with boost pulses current limited to 50% of nominal level.

During SS Mode, if  $V_{OUT}$  fails to reach regulation during the SS ramp sequence for more than 64  $\mu$ s, a fault is declared. If large  $C_{OUT}$  is used, the reference is automatically stepped slower to avoid excessive input current draw.

## Boost (BST) Mode

This is a normal operating mode of the regulator.

## Pass-Through (PT) Mode

The device allows the user to force the device in Forced Pass-Through Mode through the EN pin. If the EN pin is pulled HIGH, the device starts operating in Boost Mode. Once the EN pin is pulled LOW, the device is forced into Pass-Through Mode. To disable the device, the input supply voltage must be removed. The device cannot startup in Forced Pass-Through Mode (see Figure 17). During startup, keep the EN pulled HIGH for at least 350  $\mu$ s before pulling it LOW in order to make sure that the device enters Pass-Through Mode reliably.

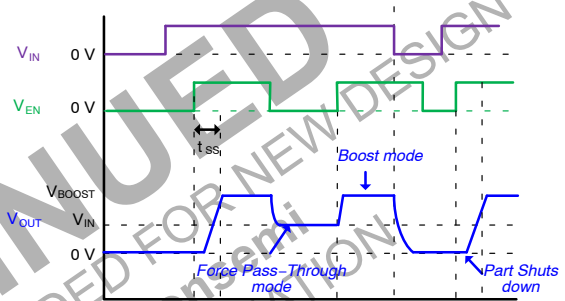


Figure 17. Pass-Through Profile

## Current Limit Protection

The FAN48617 has valley current limit protection in case of overload situations. The valley current limit will prevent high current from causing damage to the IC and the inductor. The current limit is halved during soft-start.

When starting into a fault condition, the input current will be limited by LIN1 and LIN2 current threshold.

## Fault State

The regulator enters Fault State under any of the following conditions:

- $V_{OUT}$  fails to achieve the voltage required to advance from LIN Mode to SS Mode.
- $V_{OUT}$  fails to achieve the voltage required to advance from SS Mode to BST Mode.
- Boost current limit triggers for 2 ms during BST Mode.
- $V_{IN} - V_{OUT} > 300$  mV; this fault can occur only after successful completion of the soft-start sequence.
- $V_{IN} < V_{UVLO}$ .

Once a fault is triggered, the regulator stops switching and presents a high-impedance path between VIN and VOUT. After waiting 20 ms, an automatic restart is attempted.

## Over-Temperature

The regulator shuts down if the die temperature exceeds 150°C and restarts when the IC cools by ~20°C.

## APPLICATION INFORMATION

Output Capacitance ( $C_{OUT}$ )

The effective capacitance ( $C_{EFF}$  (Note 6)) of small, high-value ceramic capacitors decreases as their bias voltage increases, as illustrated in the graph below:

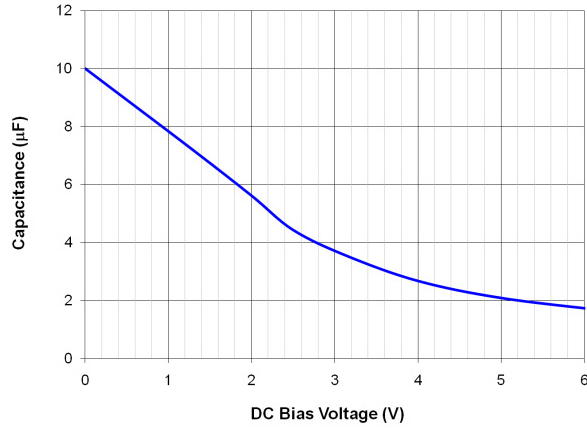


Figure 18.  $C_{EFF}$  for 10  $\mu F$ , 0402, X5R, 6.3 V–Rated Capacitor (TDK C1005X5R0J106M050BC)

FAN48617 is guaranteed for stable operation with the minimum value of  $C_{EFF}$  ( $C_{EFF(MIN)}$ ) outlined in Table 4.

Table 4. MINIMUM  $C_{EFF}$  REQUIRED FOR STABILITY

Operating Conditions			$C_{EFF(MIN)}$ ( $\mu F$ )
$V_{OUT}$ (V)	$V_{IN}$ (V)	$I_{LOAD}$ (mA)	
5.0	2.7 to 4.5	0 to 500	4.2
5.0	2.7 to 4.5	0 to 1000	6.3

6.  $C_{EFF}$  varies by manufacturer, capacitor material, and case size.

## Layout Recommendations

The layout recommendations below highlight various top-copper pours by using different colors.

To minimize spikes at  $V_{OUT}$ ,  $C_{OUT}$  must be placed as close as possible to PGND and  $V_{OUT}$ , as shown in Figure 19.

For best thermal performance, maximize the pour area for all planes other than SW. The ground pour, especially, should fill all available PCB surface area and be tied to internal layers with a cluster of thermal vias.

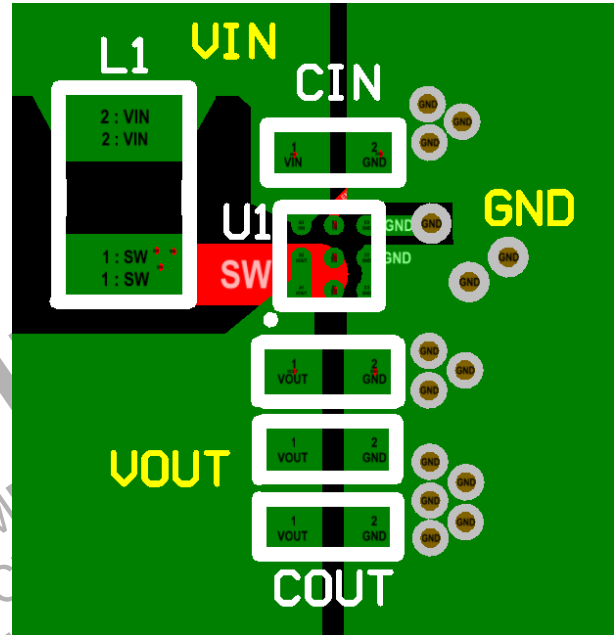


Figure 19. Layout Recommendation

## ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Device Marking	$V_{OUT}$	Operating Temperature	Package	Packing Method <sup>†</sup>
FAN48617UC50X	K2	5.0 V	–40 to 85°C	WLCSP9 1.215x1.215x0.581 (Pb–Free and Halide Free)	3000 / Tape and Reel

<sup>†</sup>For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

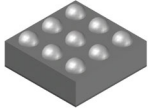
The table below pertains to MOD drawing on the following page.

## PRODUCT-SPECIFIC PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

Product	D	E	X	Y
FAN48617UC50X	1.215 ±0.030 mm	1.215 ±0.030 mm	0.2075 mm	0.2075 mm

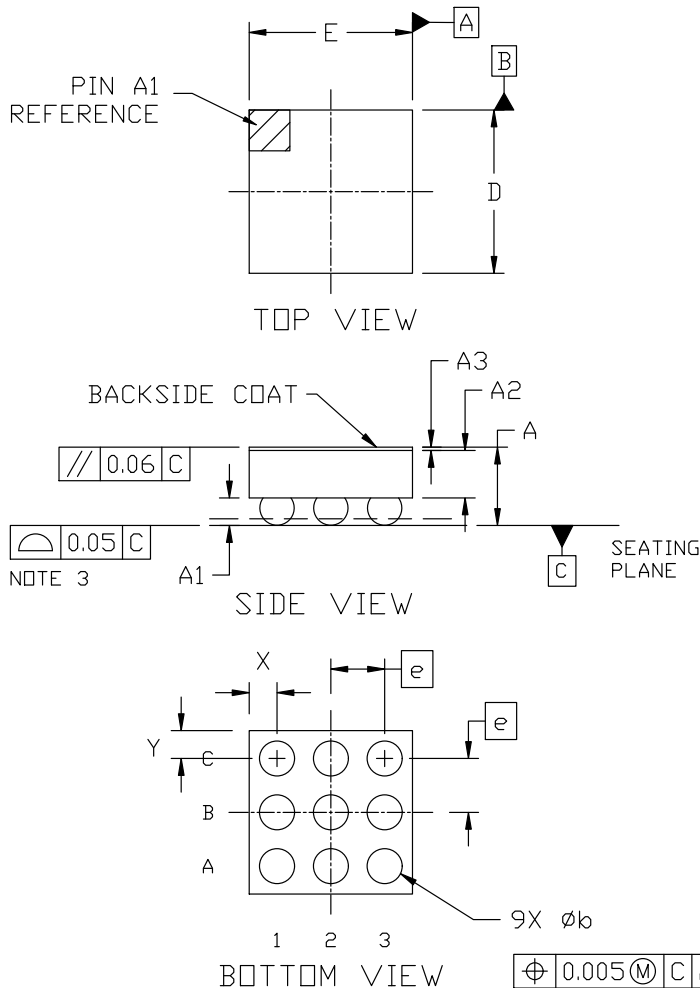
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**WLCSP9 1.215x1.215x0.581**  
CASE 567QW  
ISSUE B

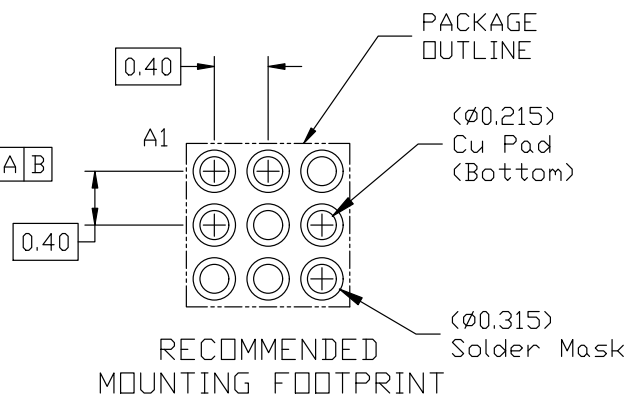
DATE 24 FEB 2023



### NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 2009.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS
3. COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE SPHERICAL CROWNS OF THE SOLDER BALLS.
4. DATUM C, THE SEATING PLANE, IS DEFINED BY THE SPHERICAL CROWNS OF THE SOLDER BALLS.
5. DIMENSION  $b$  IS MEASURED AT THE MAXIMUM SOLDER BALL DIAMETER PARALLEL TO DATUM C.

DIM	MILLIMETERS		
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
A	0.542	0.581	0.620
A1	0.183	0.203	0.223
A2	0.335	0.353	0.371
A3	0.022	0.025	0.027
b	0.24	0.26	0.28
D	1.185	1.215	1.245
E	1.185	1.215	1.245
e	0.400 BSC		
X	0.208 REF		
Y	0.208 REF		



\* For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the onsemi Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

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<b>DESCRIPTION:</b>	<b>WLCSP9 1.215x1.215x0.581</b>	<b>PAGE 1 OF 1</b>

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