

3.3 V/5 V ECL 8-Bit Serial/Parallel Converter

MC100EP445

Description

The MC100EP445 is an integrated 8-bit differential serial to parallel data converter with asynchronous data synchronization. The device has two modes of operation. CKSEL HIGH mode is designed to operate NRZ data rates of up to 3.3 Gb/s, while CKSEL LOW mode is designed to operate at twice the internal clock data rate of up to 5.0 Gb/s. The conversion sequence was chosen to convert the first serial bit to Q0, the second bit to Q1, etc. Two selectable differential serial inputs, which are selected by SINSEL, provide this device with loop-back testing capability. The MC100EP445 has a SYNC pin which, when held high for at least two consecutive clock cycles, will swallow one bit of data shifting the start of the conversion data from D_n to D_{n+1} . Each additional shift requires an additional pulse to be applied to the SYNC pin.

Control pins are provided to reset and disable internal clock circuitry. Additionally, V_{BB} pin is provided for single-ended input condition.

The 100 Series contains temperature compensation.

Features

- 1530 ps Propagation Delay
- 5.0 Gb/s Typical Data Rate for CLKSEL LOW Mode
- Differential Clock and Serial Inputs
- V_{BB} Output for Single-Ended Input Applications
- Asynchronous Data Synchronization (SYNC)
- Asynchronous Master Reset (RESET)
- PECL Mode Operating Range: $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V}$ to 5.5 V with $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$
- NECL Mode Operating Range: $V_{CC} = 0\text{ V}$ with $V_{EE} = -3.0\text{ V}$ to -5.5 V
- Open Input Default State
- CLK ENABLE Immune to Runt Pulse Generation
- These Devices are Pb-Free and are RoHS Compliant



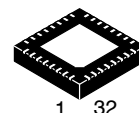
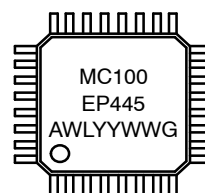
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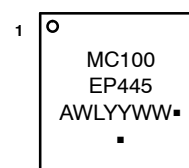
MARKING DIAGRAM*



LQFP-32
FA SUFFIX
CASE 561AB



QFN32
MN SUFFIX
CASE 488AM



A = Assembly Location
WL = Wafer Lot
YY = Year
WW = Work Week
G or ■ = Pb-Free Package

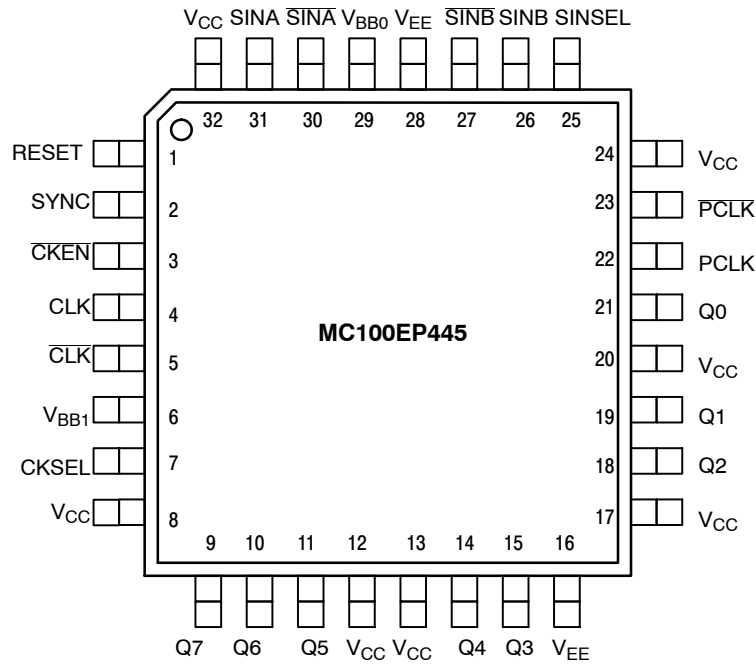
(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

*For additional marking information, refer to Application Note [AND8002/D](#).

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping
MC100EP445FAG	LQFP-32 (Pb-Free)	250 Units / Tray
MC100EP445MNG	QFN-32 (Pb-Free)	74 Units / Tube

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Warning: All V_{CC} and V_{EE} pins must be externally connected to Power Supply to guarantee proper operation.

Figure 1. 32-Lead LQFP Pinout (Top View)

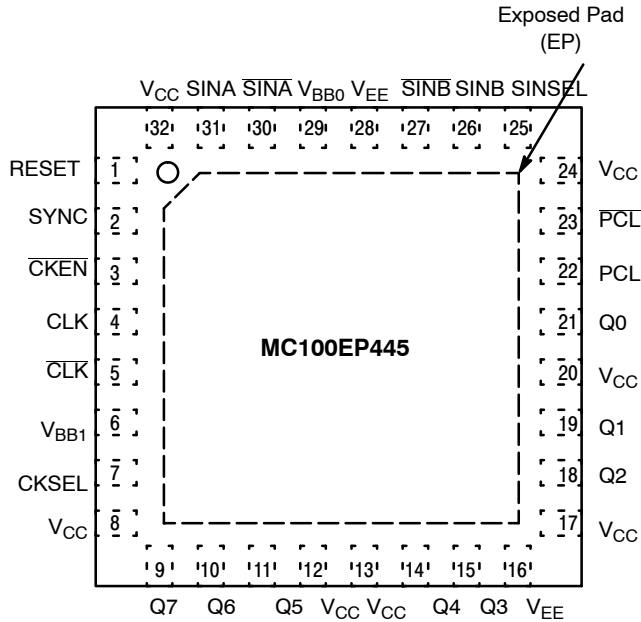


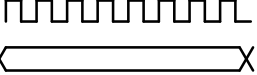
Figure 2. 32-Lead QFN Pinout (Top View)

Table 1. PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin	Function
$SINA^*$, $\overline{SINA}^*$	ECL Differential Serial Data Input A
$SINB^*$, $\overline{SINB}^*$	ECL Differential Serial Data Input B
$SINSEL^*$	ECL Serial Input Selector Pin
Q0–Q7	ECL Parallel Data Outputs
CLK^* , $\overline{CLK}^*$	ECL Differential Clock Inputs
$PCLK$, $\overline{PCLK}$	ECL Differential Parallel Clock Output
$SYNC^*$	ECL Conversion Synchronizing Input
$CKSEL^*$	ECL Clock Input Selector Pin
$\overline{CKEN}^*$	ECL Clock Enable Pin
$RESET^*$	ECL Reset Pin
V_{BB0} , V_{BB1}	Output Reference Voltage
V_{CC}	Positive Supply
V_{EE}	Negative Supply
EP	The exposed pad (EP) on the QFN–32 package bottom is thermally connected to the die for improved heat transfer out of the package. The exposed pad must be attached to a heat-sinking conduit. The pad is electrically connected to V_{EE} .

* Pins will default logic LOW or differential logic LOW when left open.

Table 2. TRUTH TABLE

PIN	FUNCTION	
	High	Low
SINSEL	Select SINB Input	Select SINA Input
CKSEL	Q: PCLK = 8:1 CLK: Q = 1:1 CLK 	Q: PCLK = 8:1 CLK: Q = 1:2 CLK 
CKEN	Synchronously Disable Internal Clock Circuitry	Synchronously Enable Internal Clock Circuitry
RESET	Asynchronous Master Reset	Synchronous Enable
SYNC	Asynchronously Applied to Swallow a Data Bit	Normal Conversion Process

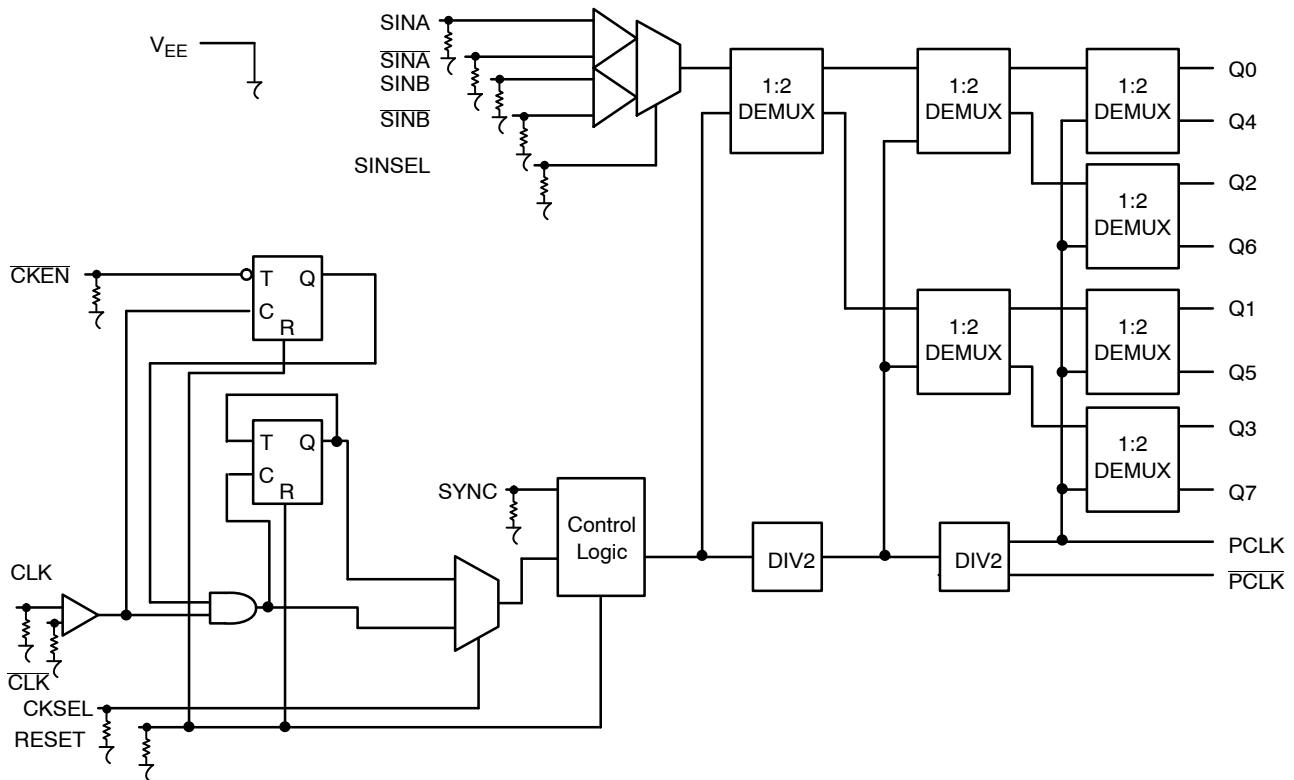


Figure 3. Logic Diagram

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Table 3. ATTRIBUTES

Characteristics	Value
Internal Input Pulldown Resistor	75 k Ω
Internal Input Pull-up Resistor	N/A
ESD Protection Human Body Model Machine Model Charged Device Model	> 2 kV > 200 V > 2 kV
Moisture Sensitivity, Indefinite Time Out of Drypack (Note 1)	Pb-Free Pkg
LQFP-32 QFN-32	Level 2 Level 1
Flammability Rating Oxygen Index: 28 to 34	UL 94 V-0 @ 0.125 in
Transistor Count	993 Devices
Meets or exceeds JEDEC Spec EIA/JESD78 IC Latchup Test	

1. For additional information, see Application Note [AND8003/D](#).

Table 4. MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Condition 1	Condition 2	Rating	Unit
V _{CC}	PECL Mode Power Supply	V _{EE} = 0 V		6	V
V _{EE}	NECL Mode Power Supply	V _{CC} = 0 V		-6	V
V _I	PECL Mode Input Voltage NECL Mode Input Voltage	V _{EE} = 0 V V _{CC} = 0 V	V _I ≤ V _{CC} V _I ≥ V _{EE}	6 -6	V V
I _{out}	Output Current	Continuous Surge		50 100	mA mA
I _{BB}	V _{BB} Sink/Source			±0.5	mA
T _A	Operating Temperature Range			-40 to +85	°C
T _{stg}	Storage Temperature Range			-65 to +150	°C
θ _{JA}	Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Ambient)	0 lfpm 500 lfpm	32 LQFP 32 LQFP	80 55	°C/W °C/W
θ _{JC}	Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Case)	Standard Board	32 LQFP	12 to 17	°C/W
θ _{JA}	Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Ambient)	0 lfpm 500 lfpm	QFN-32 QFN-32	31 27	°C/W °C/W
θ _{JC}	Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Case)	2S2P	QFN-32	12	°C/W
T _{sol}	Wave Solder (Pb-Free)	<2 to 3 sec @ 260°C		265	°C

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

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Table 5. 100EP DC CHARACTERISTICS, PECL $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$, $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$ (Note 2)

Symbol	Characteristic	-40°C			25°C			85°C			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
I_{EE}	Power Supply Current	95	119	143	98	122	146	100	125	150	mA
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage (Note 3)	2155	2280	2405	2155	2280	2405	2155	2280	2405	mV
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage (Note 3)	1305	1480	1605	1305	1480	1605	1305	1480	1605	mV
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage (Single-Ended)	2075		2420	2075		2420	2075		2420	mV
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage (Single-Ended)	1305		1675	1305		1675	1305		1675	mV
V_{BB}	Output Voltage Reference	1775	1875	1975	1775	1875	1975	1775	1875	1975	mV
V_{IHCMR}	Input HIGH Voltage Common Mode Range (Differential Configuration) (Note 4)	2.0		3.3	2.0		3.3	2.0		3.3	V
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Current			150			150			150	μA
I_{IL}	Input LOW Current	0.5			0.5			0.5			μA

NOTE: Device will meet the specifications after thermal equilibrium has been established when mounted in a test socket or printed circuit board with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 lfm.

2. Input and output parameters vary 1:1 with V_{CC} . V_{EE} can vary +0.3 V to -2.2 V.

3. All loading with 50 Ω to $V_{CC} - 2.0\text{ V}$.

4. V_{IHCMR} min varies 1:1 with V_{EE} , V_{IHCMR} max varies 1:1 with V_{CC} . The V_{IHCMR} range is referenced to the most positive side of the differential input signal.

Table 6. 100EP DC CHARACTERISTICS, PECL $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$, $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$ (Note 5)

Symbol	Characteristic	-40°C			25°C			85°C			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
I_{EE}	Power Supply Current (Note 6)	95	119	143	98	122	146	100	125	150	mA
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage (Note 7)	3855	3980	4105	3855	3980	4105	3855	3980	4105	mV
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage (Note 7)	3005	3180	3305	3005	3180	3305	3005	3180	3305	mV
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage (Single-Ended)	3775		4120	3775		4120	3775		4120	mV
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage (Single-Ended)	3005		3375	3005		3375	3005		3375	mV
V_{BB}	Output Voltage Reference	3475	3575	3675	3475	3575	3675	3475	3575	3675	mV
V_{IHCMR}	Input HIGH Voltage Common Mode Range (Differential Configuration) (Note 8)	2.0		5.0	2.0		5.0	2.0		5.0	V
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Current			150			150			150	μA
I_{IL}	Input LOW Current	0.5			0.5			0.5			μA

NOTE: Device will meet the specifications after thermal equilibrium has been established when mounted in a test socket or printed circuit board with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 lfm.

5. Input and output parameters vary 1:1 with V_{CC} . V_{EE} can vary +2.0 V to -0.5 V.

6. Required 500 lfm air flow when using +5 V power supply. For $(V_{CC} - V_{EE}) > 3.3\text{ V}$, 5 Ω to 10 Ω in line with V_{EE} required for maximum thermal protection at elevated temperatures. Recommend $V_{CC} - V_{EE}$ operation at $\leq 3.3\text{ V}$.

7. All loading with 50 Ω to $V_{CC} - 2.0\text{ V}$.

8. V_{IHCMR} min varies 1:1 with V_{EE} , V_{IHCMR} max varies 1:1 with V_{CC} . The V_{IHCMR} range is referenced to the most positive side of the differential input signal.

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Table 7. 100EP DC CHARACTERISTICS, NECL $V_{CC} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{EE} = -5.5\text{ V}$ to -3.0 V (Note 9)

Symbol	Characteristic	-40°C			25°C			85°C			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
I_{EE}	Power Supply Current (Note 10)	95	119	143	98	122	146	100	125	150	mA
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage (Note 11)	-1145	-1020	-895	-1145	-1020	-895	-1145	-1020	-895	mV
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage (Note 11)	-1995	-1820	-1695	-1995	-1820	-1695	-1995	-1820	-1695	mV
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage (Single-Ended)	-1225		-880	-1225		-880	-1225		-880	mV
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage (Single-Ended)	-1995		-1625	-1995		-1625	-1995		-1625	mV
V_{BB}	Output Voltage Reference	-1525	-1425	-1325	-1525	-1425	-1325	-1525	-1425	-1325	mV
V_{IHCMR}	Input HIGH Voltage Common Mode Range (Differential Configuration) (Note 12)	$V_{EE} + 2.0$		0.0	$V_{EE} + 2.0$		0.0	$V_{EE} + 2.0$		0.0	V
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Current			150			150			150	μA
I_{IL}	Input LOW Current	0.5			0.5			0.5			μA

NOTE: Device will meet the specifications after thermal equilibrium has been established when mounted in a test socket or printed circuit board with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 lfpm.

9. Input and output parameters vary 1:1 with V_{CC} .

10. Required 500 lfpm air flow when using -5.0 V power supply. For $(V_{CC} - V_{EE}) > 3.3\text{ V}$, 5 Ω to 10 Ω in line with V_{EE} required for maximum thermal protection at elevated temperatures. Recommend $V_{CC} - V_{EE}$ operation at $\leq 3.3\text{ V}$.

11. All loading with 50 Ω to $V_{CC} - 2.0\text{ V}$.

12. V_{IHCMR} min varies 1:1 with V_{EE} , V_{IHCMR} max varies 1:1 with V_{CC} . The V_{IHCMR} range is referenced to the most positive side of the differential input signal.

Table 8. AC CHARACTERISTICS $V_{CC} = 0\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = -3.0\text{ V}$ to -5.5 V or $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V}$ to 5.5 V ; $V_{EE} = 0\text{ V}$ (Note 13)

Symbol	Characteristic	-40°C			25°C			85°C			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
$f_{\max}$	Maximum Input CLK Frequency CKSEL = LOW (See Figure 13. $F_{\max}/\text{JITTER}$) CKSEL = HIGH	2.0 2.8	2.5 3.3		2.0 2.8	2.5 3.3		1.7 2.8	2.2 3.3		GHz
t_{PLH} , t_{PHL}	Propagation Delay to Output Differential CLK to Q CLK TO PCLK	1280 1000	1475 1240	1710 1490	1335 1050	1557 1310	1795 1580	1450 1140	1663 1420	1950 1710	ps
t_s	Setup Time SINA, B+ TO CLK+ (Figure 5) CKEN+ TO CLK- (Figure 6)	-400 100	-459 50		-420 100	-479 50		-440 100	-492 50		ps
t_h	Hold Time CLK+ TO SINA, B- (Figure 5) CLK- TO CKEN (Figure 6)	533 45	474 -35		550 45	490 -35		560 45	508 -35		ps
t_{RR}/t_{RR2}	Reset Recovery (Figure 4)	350	180		350	180		350	180		ps
t_{PW}	Minimum Pulse Width RESET	400			400			400			ps
t_{JITTER}	RMS Random Clock Jitter @ 2.0 GHz CLK_SEL LOW @ 2.5 GHz CLK_SELF HIGH @ 3.0 GHz CLK_SEL HIGH			1.5 1.0 1.5			1.5 1.0 2.0			1.5 1.5 2.5	ps
V_{PP}	Input Voltage Swing (Differential Configuration) (Note 14)	150	800	1200	150	800	1200	150	800	1200	mV
t_r , t_f	Output Rise/Fall Times (20% - 80%) Q/Q PCLK/PCLK	100 100	180 180	400 250	100 100	200 200	400 300	125 125	230 230	425 325	ps

NOTE: Device will meet the specifications after thermal equilibrium has been established when mounted in a test socket or printed circuit board with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 lfpm.

13. Measured using a 750 mV source, 50% duty cycle clock source. All loading with 50 Ω to $V_{CC} - 2.0\text{ V}$.

14. $V_{PP}(\text{min})$ is the minimum input swing for which AC parameters are guaranteed.

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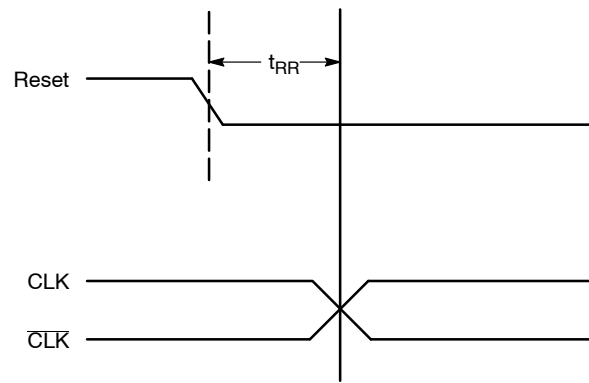


Figure 4. Reset Recovery

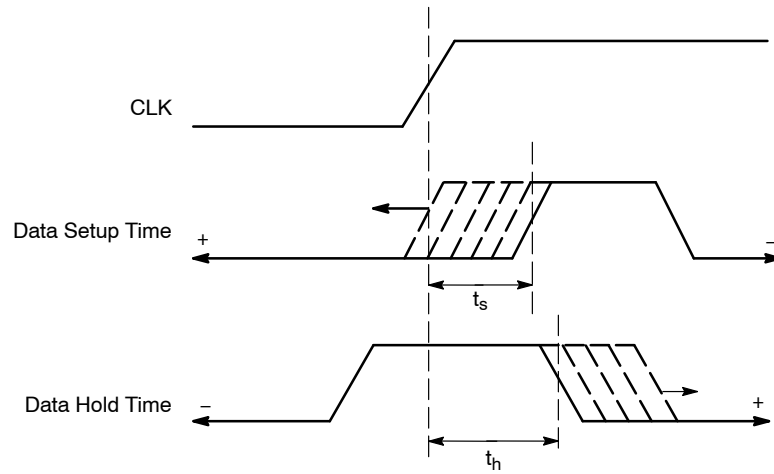


Figure 5. Data Setup and Hold Time

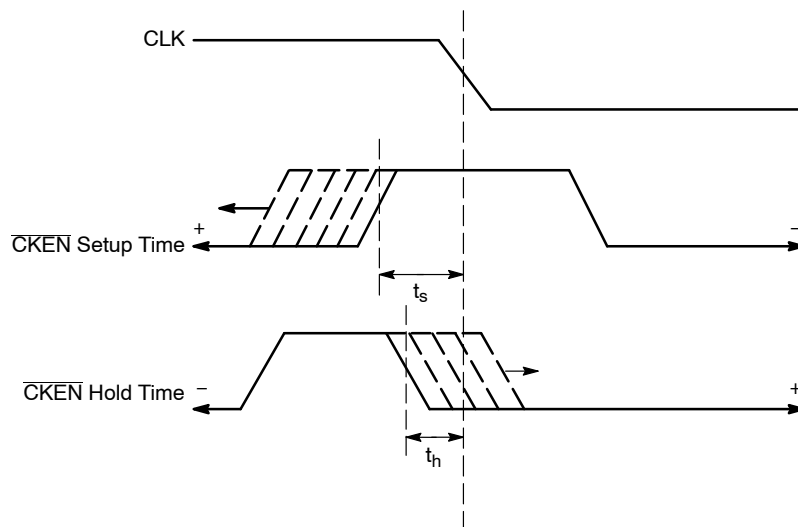


Figure 6. CKEN Setup and Hold Time

APPLICATION INFORMATION

The MC100EP445 is an integrated 1:8 serial to parallel converter with two modes of operation selected by CKSEL (Pin 7). CKSEL HIGH mode only latches data on the rising edge of the input CLK and CKSEL LOW mode latches data on both the rising and falling edge of the input CLK. CKSEL LOW is the open default state. Either of the two differential input serial data path provided for this device, SINA and SINB, can be chosen with the SINSEL pin (pin 25). SINA is the default input path when SINSEL pin is left floating. Because of internal pull-downs on the input pins, all input pins will default to logic low when left open.

The two selectable serial data paths can be used for loop-back testing as well as the bit error testing.

Upon power-up, the internal flip-flops will attain a random state. To synchronize multiple flip-flops in the device, the Reset (pin 1) must be asserted. The reset pin will disable the internal clock signal irrespective of the CKEN state (CKEN disables the internal clock circuitry). The device will grab the first stream of data after the falling edge of RESET^①, followed by the falling edge of CLK^②, on second rising edge of CLK^③ in either CKSEL modes. (See Figure 6)

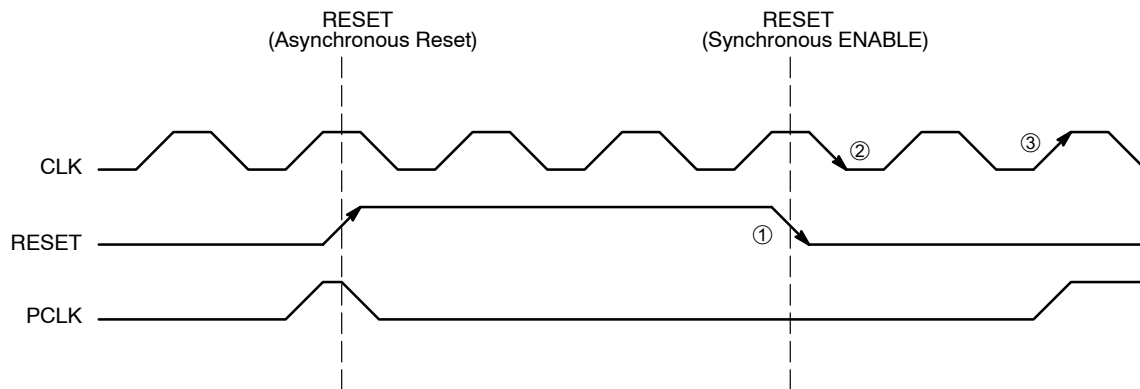


Figure 7. Reset Timing Diagram

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For CKSEL LOW operation, the data is latched on both the rising edge and the falling edge of the clock and the time from when the serial data is latched^① to when the data is seen on the parallel output^② is 6 clock cycles (see Figure 8).

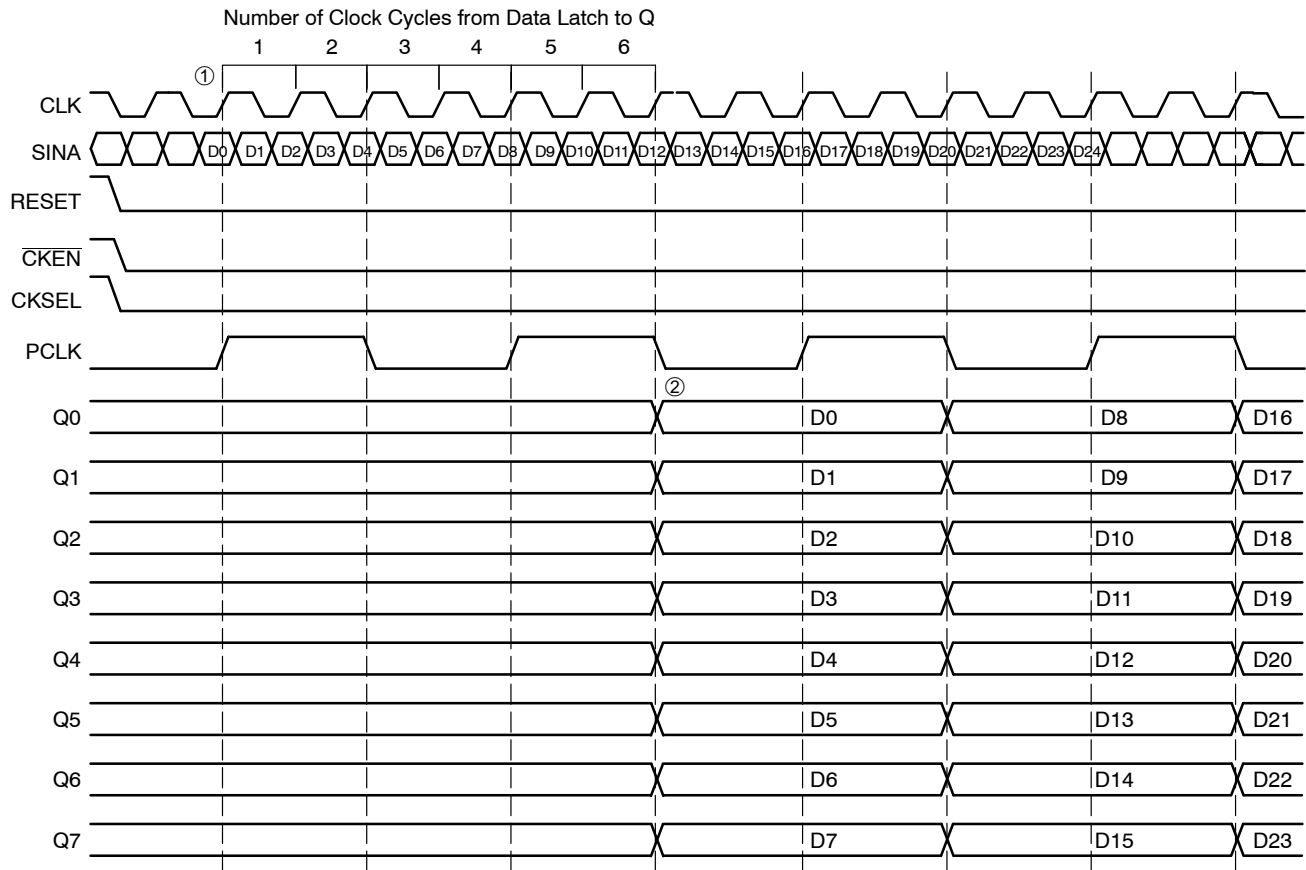


Figure 8. Timing Diagram A. 1:8 Serial to Parallel Conversion with CKSEL LOW

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Similarly, for CKSEL HIGH operation, the data is latched only on the rising edge of the clock and the time from when the serial data is latched^① to when the data is seen on the parallel output^② is 12 clock cycles (see Figure 9).

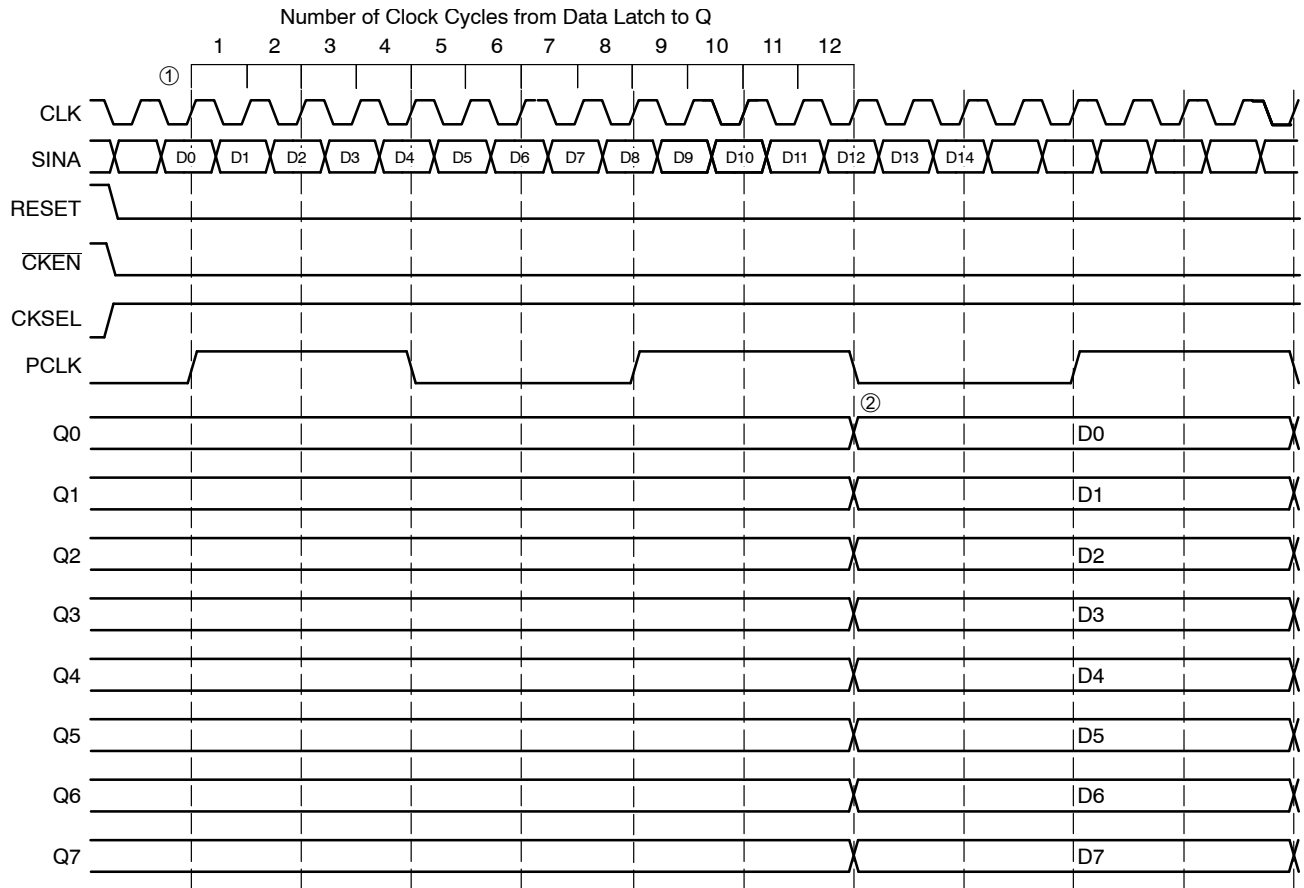


Figure 9. Timing Diagram A. 1:8 Serial to Parallel Conversion with CKSEL HIGH

To allow the user to synchronize the output byte data correctly, the start bit for conversion can be moved using the SYNC input pin (pin 2). Asynchronously asserting the SYNC pin will force the internal clock to swallow a clock pulse, effectively shifting a bit from the Q_n to the Q_{n-1} output as shown in Figure 10 and Figure 11. For CKSEL LOW, a single pulse applied asynchronously for two consecutive

clock cycles shifts the start bit for conversion from Q_n to Q_{n-1} . The bit is swallowed following the two clock cycle pulse width of SYNC① on the next triggering edge of clock② (either on the rising or the falling edge of the clock). Each additional shift requires an additional pulse to be applied to the SYNC pin. (See Figure 10)

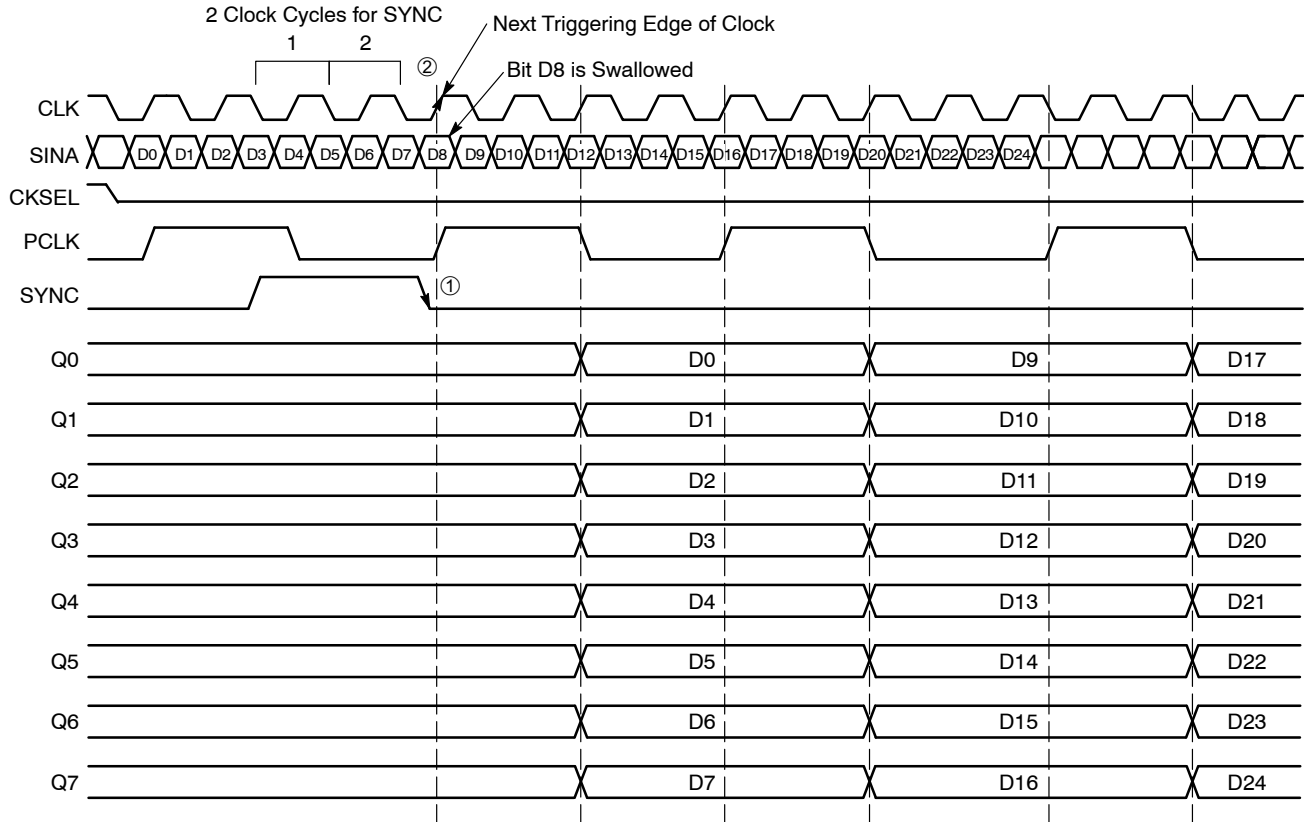


Figure 10. Timing Diagram A. 1:8 Serial to Parallel Conversion with SYNC Pulse at CKSEL LOW

For CKSEL HIGH, a single pulse applied asynchronously for three consecutive clock cycles shifts the start bit for conversion from Q_n to Q_{n-1} . The bit is swallowed following the three clock cycle pulse width of SYNC^① on the next

triggering edge of clock^② (on the rising edge of the clock only). Each additional shift requires an additional pulse to be applied to the SYNC pin. (See Figure 11)

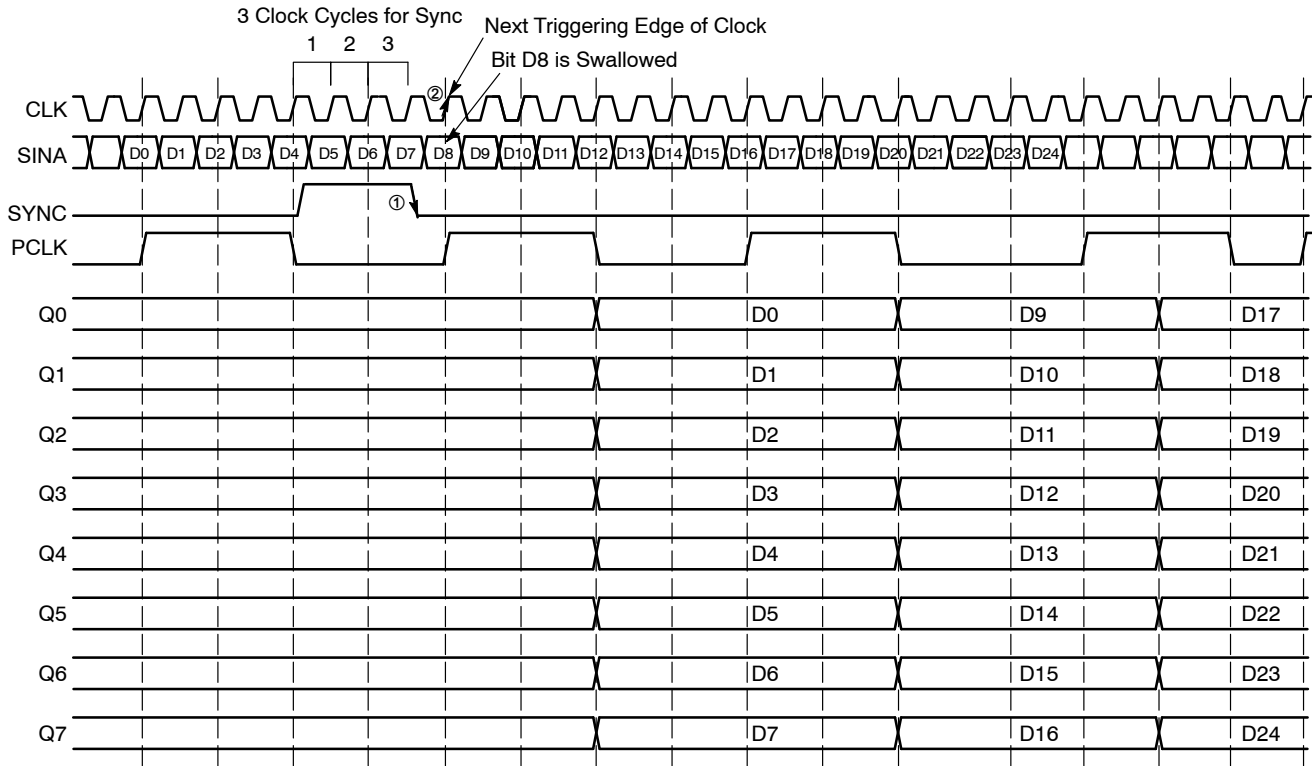


Figure 11. Timing Diagram A. 1:8 Serial to Parallel Conversion with SYNC Pulse at CKSEL HIGH

The synchronous $\overline{\text{CKEN}}$ (pin 3) applied with at least one clock cycle pulse length will disable the internal clock signal. The synchronous $\overline{\text{CKEN}}$ will suspend all of the device activities and prevent runt pulses from being generated. The rising edge of $\overline{\text{CKEN}}$ followed by the falling

edge of CLK will suspend all activities. The first data bit will clock on the rising edge, since the falling edge of $\overline{\text{CKEN}}$ followed by the falling edge of the incoming clock triggers the enabling of the internal process. (See Figure 12)

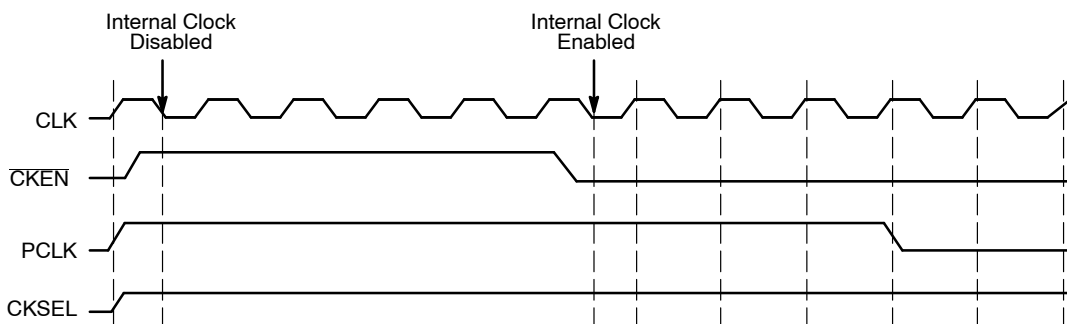


Figure 12. Timing Diagram with CKEN with CKSEL HIGH

The differential PCLK output (pins 22 and 23) is a word framer and can help the user to synchronize the parallel data outputs. During CKSEL LOW operation, the PCLK will provide a divide by 4–clock frequency, which frames the serial data in period of PCLK output. Likewise during CKSEL HIGH operation, the PCLK will provide a divide by 8–clock frequency.

The V_{BB} pin, an internally generated voltage supply, is available to this device only. For single-ended input

conditions, the unused differential input is connected to V_{BB} as a switching reference voltage. V_{BB} may also rebias AC coupled inputs. When used, decouple V_{BB} and V_{CC} via a 0.01 μF capacitor, which will limit the current sourcing or sinking to 0.5mA. When not used, V_{BB} should be left open. Also, both outputs of the differential pair must be terminated ($50\ \Omega$ to $V_{TT} = V_{CC} - 2\ \text{V}$) even if only one output is used.

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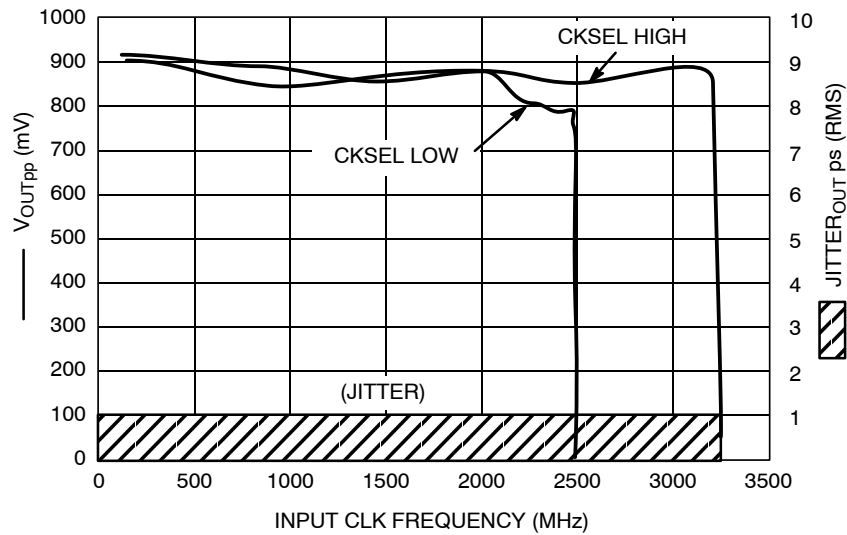


Figure 13. $F_{max}/Jitter$

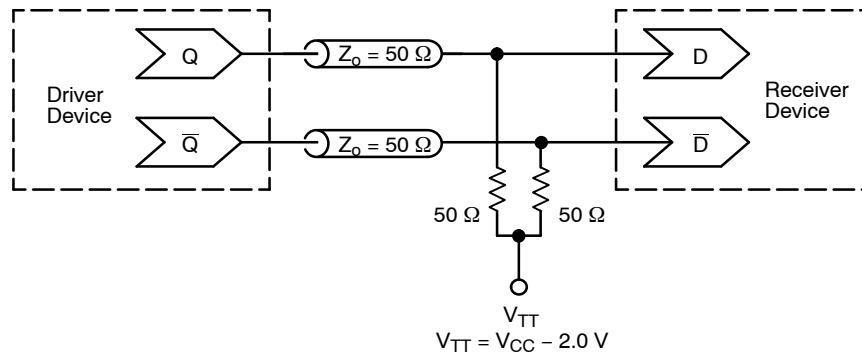


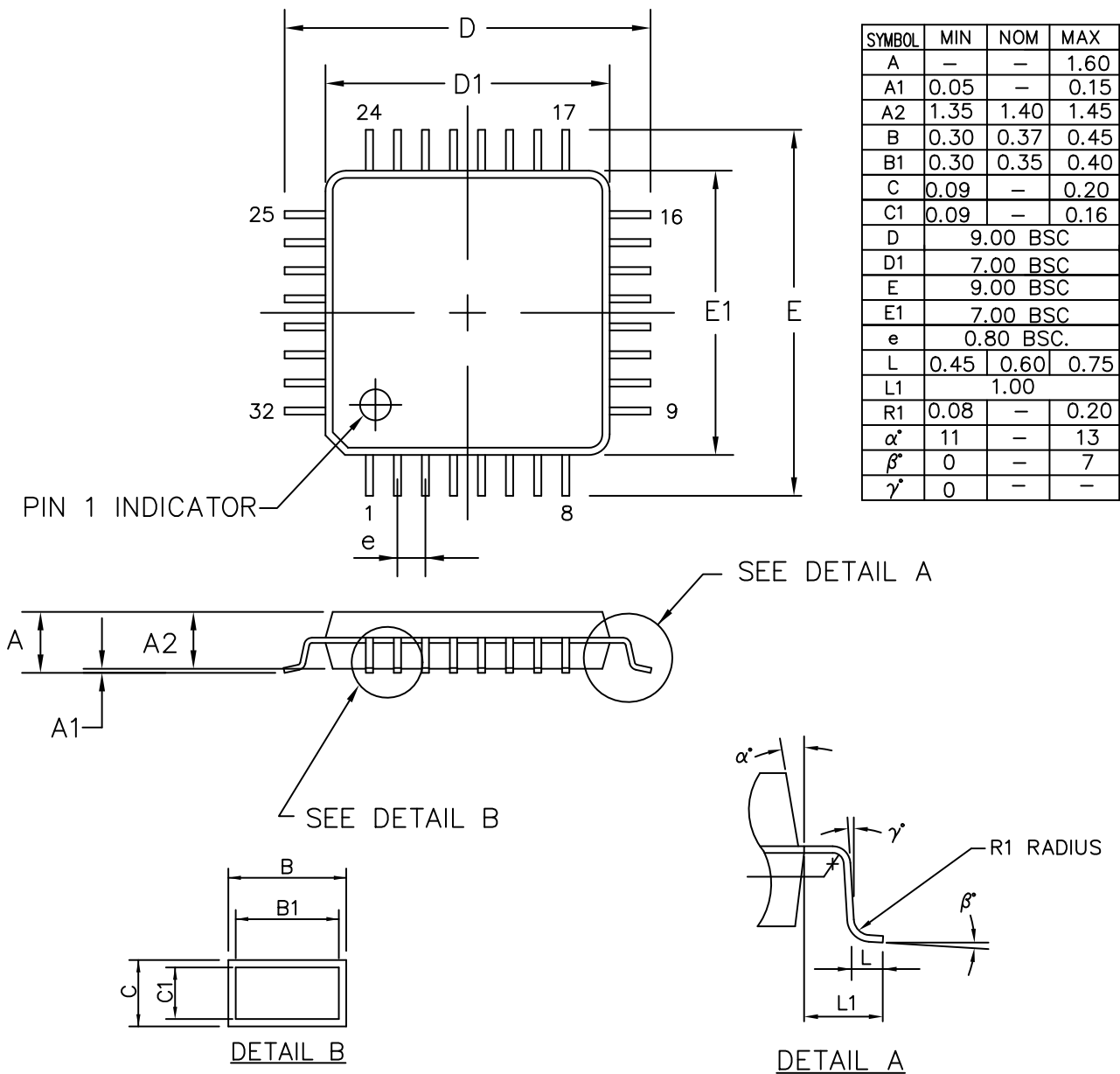
Figure 14. Typical Termination for Output Driver and Device Evaluation
(See Application Note [AND8020/D](#) – Termination of ECL Logic Devices.)

Resource Reference of Application Notes

- AN1405/D – ECL Clock Distribution Techniques
- AN1406/D – Designing with PECL (ECL at +5.0 V)
- AN1503/D – ECLinPS™ I/O SPiCE Modeling Kit
- AN1504/D – Metastability and the ECLinPS Family
- AN1568/D – Interfacing Between LVDS and ECL
- AN1672/D – The ECL Translator Guide
- AND8001/D – Odd Number Counters Design
- AND8002/D – Marking and Date Codes
- AND8020/D – Termination of ECL Logic Devices
- AND8066/D – Interfacing with ECLinPS
- AND8090/D – AC Characteristics of ECL Devices

LQFP-32, 7x7
CASE 561AB
ISSUE O

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ALL DIMENSIONS IN MM

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